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ON A BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEM FOR A MULTIDIMENSIONAL ELLIPTIC SYSTEM

$D \subset \mathbb{R}^3$

We consider the Fredholm solvability of the Riemann-Hilbert problem for the Moisil-Teodorescu system in a bounded domain of three-dimensional space. We also is considered some special cases of this problem and conditions for their Fredholm solvability.

Keywords: elliptic system, boundary value problem, Fredholm solvability, index, Pauli matrix, Moisil-Teodorescu system.

$$u(x) = (u_1(x), u_2(x), (u_3(x), u_4(x))), x = (x_1, x_2, x_3) \in D \subset \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$M \cdot \begin{pmatrix} u_1(x) \\ u_2(x) \\ u_3(x) \\ u_4(x) \end{pmatrix} = 0, \quad (1)$$

$$M \begin{pmatrix} u_1(x) \\ u_2(x) \\ u_3(x) \\ u_4(x) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} u_1(x) & u_2(x) & u_3(x) & u_4(x) \\ u_2(x) & -u_1(x) & u_4(x) & -u_3(x) \\ u_3(x) & -u_4(x) & u_1(x) & u_2(x) \\ u_4(x) & u_3(x) & -u_2(x) & -u_1(x) \end{pmatrix}$$

(1)

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_1(x) \\ u_2(x) \\ u_3(x) \\ u_4(x) \end{pmatrix} = 0, \quad x = (x_1, x_2, x_3) \in D \subset \mathbb{R}^3 \quad (2)$$

$$E1 = \begin{pmatrix} u_1(x) \\ u_2(x) \\ u_3(x) \\ u_4(x) \end{pmatrix}, \quad E2 = \begin{pmatrix} u_1(x) \\ u_2(x) \\ u_3(x) \\ u_4(x) \end{pmatrix}, \quad E3 = \begin{pmatrix} u_1(x) \\ u_2(x) \\ u_3(x) \\ u_4(x) \end{pmatrix}$$

(1)

$$D \subset \mathbb{R}^3, \quad \text{where } D \text{ is a bounded domain.}$$

$$Bu = f \quad (3)$$

2 X 4

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & b_{13} & b_{14} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} & b_{23} & b_{24} \\ b_{31} & b_{32} & b_{33} & b_{34} \\ b_{41} & b_{42} & b_{43} & b_{44} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$u^{\wedge} \quad u \quad . \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Re} \quad \wedge = f, \quad (4) \\ 2 \times 2 \quad - \quad G \\ Gk \backslash = bk2 + \quad 2. Gk2 = bk4 \quad \wedge bk3 . \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [1] \quad , B \quad (), 0 < v < 1 \quad (1), \\ (3) \quad \wedge(D), o < \wedge \leq v, \\ l = (li, I_2, I_3) \quad (3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} l_1 = \det B^{12} + \det B^{34}, l_2 = \det B^{13} - \det B^{24}, \quad l_3 = \det B^{bb} + \det B^{23} \\ B^{ij} \quad , \quad /- \quad j- \quad , \quad D [2], \\ l, \quad (1), \quad (3) \quad , \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} = m - s, \\ 5 \quad - \quad , \quad m \quad - \quad (\quad . \quad . \\). \end{aligned}$$

$$(4) \quad (3) \quad C -$$

$$\begin{aligned} I + \quad I = f'' I^a I + I^b I = 1, \quad (5) \\ a = a_1 + ia_2, b = \wedge_1 + ib_2 \quad C^v (\quad) \end{aligned}$$

$$B = \begin{array}{cc} a_2 & a_1 - b_2 & b_1 \wedge \\ - a_1 & a_2 & b_1 & b_2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} , \quad , \\ {}^9_{11} = I_a I^9 - I_b I, \quad l_2 = 2(a_2 b_1 - a_1 b_2), \quad l_3 = 2(a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2) \\ |l| = 1. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} , \quad 1, \\ 2 I_a I^2 = 1 + l_1, \quad 2 I_b I^2 = 1 - l_1, \quad 2ab = \quad l_3 - \quad il_2. \\ (3), \quad (5) \quad , \quad . \quad . \end{aligned}$$

$$(6) \quad . \quad a, b,$$

$$F \sim = \quad \{ \quad , 1 + 11 = 0 \}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \wedge_1 = \sin \varphi_1, \quad \wedge_2 = (2 + \cos i) \cos \varphi_2, \quad \wedge_3 = (2 + \cos i) \sin \varphi_2, \quad - \wedge \varphi_1, \quad \varphi_2 - \wedge \\ l \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F + = F \sim = \quad : \quad F + = \quad , F \quad ; \\ F \sim = \quad , F + \wedge \quad ; F + \wedge \quad , F \sim \quad , \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} - \quad . \quad , \\ l \quad F \sim \quad . \end{aligned}$$

$\backslash F$, L^\wedge , $F^\wedge F$,
 (5) \mathcal{O}_I, G^2 , $\backslash F$, L^\wedge , F .
 \mathcal{O}_I, G^2 , $\backslash F$, $L = d\mathcal{O}_I \mathbf{n}_3 \mathbf{G}_2$,
 \mathbf{G}_i , $\arg_{(3)} - //_2$ iL .

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